

## ***Common Medical Abbreviations Test***

1. The pt denies attending AA.
  - A. The physical therapist denies attending ambulation association.
  - B. The patient denies attending Alcoholics Anonymous.
  - C. The pint denies attending Alcoholics Anonymous.
  - D. The physical therapist denies attending Alcoholics Anonymous.
  
2. The ENT M.D. noted yellow disch from pt's AS.
  - A. The ear, nose, and throat medical doctor noted yellow discharge from the patient's right eye.
  - B. The eye, neck, and thoracic medical doctor noted yellow discharge from the patient's left eye.
  - C. The ear, nose, and throat medical doctor noted yellow discharge from the patient's left ear.
  - D. The ear, neck, and thyroid medical doctor noted yellow discharge from the patient's left ear.
  
3. Elevate HOB to 20 degrees and NPO after 12 am
  - A. elevate head of bed to 20 degrees and give food after 12 noon.
  - B. elevate heels of bed to 20 degrees and nothing by mouth after 12 midnight.
  - C. elevate head of bed to 20 degrees and nothing by mouth after 12 midnight.
  - D. elevate head of bed to 20 degrees and give food after 12 midnight
  
4. Pt OOB every q2h.
  - A. Patient ordered on bedrest every 2 hours.
  - B. Pint ordered of blood every 2 hours.
  - C. Patient out of bed every 2 hours.
  - D. Patient ordered out of bathroom every 2 days.
  
5. R/O HIV & flu.
  - A. rule out human immunodeficiency virus and influenza
  - B. rule out human intestinal virus and fluid restriction
  - C. reduce output of hepatic intravaneous volume and fluid restriction
  - D. resume order of hepatic intravaneous volume and fluid restriction
  
6. Transfer NB to NICU.

- A. transfer next body to neurological intensive care unit
  - B. transfer newborn to neonatal intensive care unit
  - C. transfer neonatal boy to newborn intensive care unit
  - D. transfer next body to neonatal intensive care unit
7. AgNO<sub>3</sub> oint to OU qid.
- A. silver nitrate ointment to both ears four times a day
  - B. silver nitrate ointment to both eyes four times a day
  - C. gold nitrate oil to nasal cavities 3 times a day
  - D. silver nitrate lotion to both eyes 3 times a day
8. Transport pt to OT tid via W/C.
- A. transport patient to occupational therapy three time a day via wheel chair
  - B. transport patterns to outside three times a week via water canal
  - C. transport printer to occupational therapy three time a week via wheel chair
  - D. transport patient to occupational therapy three times a week via wheel chair
9. MOM po qod
- A. mom to visit every day
  - B. milk of Magnesia orally every day
  - C. milk of Magnesia rectally every other day
  - D. milk of Magnesia orally every other day
10. Stat PET scan to R/O TIA vs. stroke.
- A. status positron emission tomography scan to rule out transient ischemic attack verses stroke
  - B. positron emission tomography scan immediately to rule out transient ischemic attack verses stroke
  - C. status plaque etch test scan to rule out transmission in arteries versus stroke
  - D. status plaque etch test scan to rule out transient ischemic attack verses stroke
11. The common medical abbreviation *amp* stands for:
- A. amputation
  - B. ampule
  - C. ampere
  - D. admission
12. The common medical abbreviation *CMV* stands for:
- A. car motor vehicle
  - B. cytomegalovirus

- C. cysticmegalovirus
- D. calorie mass void

13. The common medical abbreviation *E* stands for:

- A. emergency
- B. enemia
- C. elective
- D. electroconvulsive

14. The common medical abbreviation *BS* does not stand for:

- A. blood sugar
- B. bowel sounds
- C. breath sounds
- D. biopsy signs

15. The common medical abbreviation *FHT* stands for:

- A. foot heel toe
- B. flexible hose tubing
- C. fetal heart tones
- D. failing to hear tones

16. The common medical abbreviation *I & O* stands for:

- A. in and out
- B. inside and outside
- C. input and output
- D. inner and outer

17. The common medical abbreviation *lt* stands for:

- A. light
- B. lite
- C. lift
- D. left

18. The common medical abbreviation *lac* stands for:

- A. lactation
- B. laceration
- C. lactic
- D. lancet

19. The common medical abbreviation *Na* stands for:

- A. nursing assistant
- B. nursing aide
- C. sodium
- D. nocturnal

20. The common medical abbreviation *KO* stands for:

- A. keep open
- B. kilogram
- C. potassium output
- D. kidney obstruction

21. The common medical abbreviation *NS* stands for:

- A. normal sinus
- B. nausea
- C. neurovital signs
- D. normal saline

22. The common medical abbreviation *q* stands for:

- A. quarterly
- B. quality
- C. every
- D. times

23. The common medical abbreviation *RT* stands for:

- A. right
- B. routine
- C. respiratory therapy
- D. registered therapist

24. The common medical abbreviation *Tx* stands for:

- A. treatment
- B. traction
- C. thoracic examination
- D. therapy

25. The common medical abbreviation *supp* stands for:

- A. supplemental
- B. superior
- C. suppository

D. supple

26. The common medical abbreviation *WA* stands for:

- A. wide awake
- B. while awake
- C. walking aide
- D. wide angle

27. The common medical abbreviation *UA* stands for:

- A. unit aide
- B. urea
- C. urinalysis
- D. upper alimentary

28. The common medical abbreviation *TAT* stands for:

- A. test and trial
- B. tetanus antitoxin
- C. thyroid attacking toxin
- D. emergency

29. The common medical abbreviation *SSE* stands for:

- A. superior subcutaneous epidermis
- B. superficial subcutaneous epidermis
- C. soapsuds enema
- D. stainless steel edge

30. The common medical abbreviation *P* stands for:

- A. potassium
- B. phosphorus
- C. plutonium
- D. pediatrics

31. The common medical abbreviation *g* stands for:

- A. gas
- B. gram
- C. gallon
- D. glucose

32. The common medical abbreviation *MR* stands for:

- A. may resume
- B. may repeat
- C. magnetic resonance
- D. management resources

33. The common medical abbreviation *OP* stands for:

- A. outpatient
- B. occupation
- C. ophthalmic
- D. operation

34. The common medical abbreviation *NG* stands for:

- A. nanogram
- B. negative
- C. nasogastric
- D. neurology

35. The common medical abbreviation *IV* stands for:

- A. innervensous
- B. intervenous
- C. intravenous
- D. inferior view

36. The common medical abbreviation *LR* stands for:

- A. both left and right
- B. last rites
- C. lactated Ringer's
- D. lower rectum

37. The common medical abbreviation *PCU* stands for:

- A. peptic colon ulcer
- B. progressive care unit
- C. pediatric care unit
- D. pulmonary cardiac unit

38. The common medical abbreviation *H&H* stands for:

- A. hemoglobin and hematocrit
- B. hematology and heredity
- C. heart rate and health risk
- D. hematocrit and hemodialysis

39. The common medical abbreviation *MS* stands for:

- A. morphine sulfate
- B. magnesium sulfate
- C. magnetic signs
- D. metastasis signs

40. The common medical abbreviation *OU* stands for:

- A. both eyes
- B. both ears
- C. left eye
- D. right ear

41. The common medical abbreviation *hs* stands for:

- A. history
- B. hour of sleep
- C. hepatic surgery
- D. hemodialysis

42. The common medical abbreviation *IM* stands for:

- A. internal monitoring
- B. intramuscular
- C. innermuscular
- D. internal masking

43. The common medical abbreviation *hypo* stands for:

- A. hypotension
- B. hypotonic
- C. hypothalamic
- D. hypodermic

44. The common medical abbreviation *IUD* stands for:

- A. inneruterine device
- B. innerureter device
- C. intraureter device
- D. intrauterine device

45. The common medical abbreviation *GU* stands for:

- A. geriatric unit

- B. genitourinary
- C. gynecology unit
- D. green ointment

46. The common medical abbreviation *po* does not stand for:

- A. orally
- B. postoperatively
- C. phone order
- D. rectally

47. The common medical abbreviation *subq* stands for:

- A. subsequent
- B. subcutaneously
- C. sublingual
- D. substance abuse

48. The common medical abbreviation *RR* stands for:

- A. rapid respirations
- B. recovery room
- C. rest and relaxation
- D. routine recovery

49. The common medical abbreviation *PNS* stands for:

- A. pediatric nurses station
- B. postoperative neurology signs
- C. peripheral nervous system
- D. no salt added

50. The common medical abbreviation *ADL* stands for:

- A. alternative days
- B. actual date of labor
- C. last date of admission
- D. activities of daily living



## Answer Key for 50 Common Medical Abbreviation Questions

- |       |       |
|-------|-------|
| 1. B  | 26. B |
| 2. C  | 27. C |
| 3. C  | 28. B |
| 4. C  | 29. C |
| 5. A  | 30. B |
| 6. B  | 31. B |
| 7. B  | 32. B |
| 8. A  | 33. A |
| 9. D  | 34. C |
| 10. B | 35. C |
| 11. B | 36. C |
| 12. B | 37. B |
| 13. B | 38. A |
| 14. D | 39. A |
| 15. C | 40. A |
| 16. C | 41. B |
| 17. D | 42. B |
| 18. B | 43. D |
| 19. C | 44. D |
| 20. A | 45. B |
| 21. D | 46. D |
| 22. C | 47. B |
| 23. C | 48. B |
| 24. B | 49. C |
| 25. C | 50. D |